



Faith, Family, Education and Culture

Christian public identity, stronger families, parental authority and a confident national culture.

The CNU regards Christianity, family responsibility and national culture as foundations of a stable society. The state should protect these institutions without creating clerical government or denying any citizen equal legal protection.

Christian identity and public life

- **Constitutional recognition:** Christianity is recognised as a foundation of German history, ethics and public culture, while government remains civil rather than clerical.
- **Public tradition:** Christian holidays, Sunday customs, historic places of worship and charitable institutions are protected as part of national heritage.
- **Religious freedom:** Citizens may practise another faith or no faith, provided one civil and criminal law remains supreme for everyone.
- **Christian service:** Churches and Christian charities may operate schools, care services and community programmes under common national standards.

Family and parenthood

- **Family taxation:** The tax system recognises the cost of raising children and reduces the burden on stable households through family allowances and income splitting.
- **Child-centred support:** Benefits and services are designed around children's welfare, household stability and responsible parenting.
- **Childcare choice:** Parents may choose family care, community care, charitable provision or accredited private childcare without being pushed into one model.
- **Parental responsibility:** Parents hold the primary role in upbringing and are expected to provide care, discipline, education and a secure home.

Education

- **Core curriculum:** Schools prioritise German language, national history, civics, mathematics, science, physical education, skilled trades and disciplined classroom standards.
- **Faith and ethics:** Pupils may take Christian religious education or a rigorous ethics course; neither option is used to compel personal belief.
- **Parental transparency:** Curricula, reading lists and teaching materials are published for parents to review.
- **Age-appropriate teaching:** Relationship and personal-development education must be factual, age-appropriate and clearly communicated to parents.
- **Child safeguarding:** Significant medical decisions involving minors require strong clinical evidence, independent review and informed parental participation unless a court determines that involvement would endanger the child.

Conscience, dignity and culture

- **Freedom of conscience:** Churches and religious organisations may teach their doctrine on marriage and family and cannot be compelled to conduct religious ceremonies contrary to their beliefs.
- **Equal protection:** Every citizen is protected from violence, harassment and unlawful discrimination under the same civil law.
- **National culture:** Museums, schools, monuments and public institutions present German achievements and failures honestly without treating national identity as shameful.
- **Common language:** German is the normal language of public institutions, education and civic life.

First-term commitments

- **Commitment:** Introduce family tax allowances and protect genuine childcare choice.
- **Commitment:** Publish a national core curriculum and require full parental access to teaching materials.
- **Commitment:** Protect Christian holidays, heritage institutions and charitable service.
- **Commitment:** Create clear freedom-of-conscience protections for religious bodies and individuals.